



North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources
Division of Air Quality

Michael F. Easley, Governor

William G. Ross, Jr., Secretary
B. Keith Overcash, P.E.,
Director

January 20, 2006

Mr. Mike O'Connell
President
HC Composites LLC
1090 West Saint James Street
Tarboro, North Carolina 27886

SUBJECT: Air Quality Permit No. 8819T04
Facility ID: 3300170
HC Composites LLC
Tarboro, Edgecomb County
Fee Class: Title V

Dear Mr. O'Connell;

In accordance with your completed Air Quality Permit Application for a first time Title V permit received June 21, 2005, we are forwarding herewith Air Quality Permit No. 8819T04 to HC Composites LLC, 1090 West Saint James Street, Tarboro, North Carolina authorizing the operation, as outlined in Part I, of the emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s) specified herein. Additionally, any emissions activities determined from your Air Quality Permit Application as being insignificant per 15A North Carolina Administrative Code 2Q .0503 have been listed for informational purposes as an "ATTACHMENT." Please note the requirements for the annual compliance certification are contained in General Condition P in Section 3 of Part I. **The current owner is responsible for submitting a compliance certification for the entire year regardless of who owned the facility during the year.**

As the designated responsible official it is your responsibility to review, understand, and abide by all of the terms and conditions of the attached permit. It is also your responsibility to ensure that any person who operates any emission source and associated air pollution control device subject to any term or condition of the attached permit reviews, understands, and abides by the condition(s) of the attached permit that are applicable to that particular emission source.

If any parts, requirements, or limitations contained in this Air Quality Permit are unacceptable to you, you have the right to request a formal adjudicatory hearing within 30 days following receipt of this permit, identifying the specific issues to be contested. This hearing request must be in the form of a written petition, conforming to NCGS (North Carolina General Statutes) 150B-23, and filed with **both** the Office of Administrative Hearings, 6714 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-6714 and the Division of Air Quality, Permitting Section, 1641 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina
Mr. Mike O'Connell

Permitting Section

1641 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1641
2728 Capital Blvd., Raleigh, North Carolina 27604
Phone: 919-715-6235 / FAX 919-733-5317 / Internet: www.ncair.org

One
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January 20, 2006

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27699-1641. The form for requesting a formal adjudicatory hearing may be obtained upon request from the Office of Administrative Hearings. Unless a request for a hearing is made pursuant to NCGS 150B-23, this Air Quality Permit shall be final and binding.

You may request modification of your Air Quality Permit through informal means pursuant to NCGS 150B-22. This request must be submitted in writing to the Director and must identify the specific provisions or issues for which the modification is sought. Please note that this Air Quality Permit will become final and binding regardless of a request for informal modification unless a request for a hearing is also made under NCGS 150B-23.

The construction of new air pollution emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s), or modifications to the emission source(s) and air pollution control device(s) described in this permit must be covered under an Air Quality Permit issued by the Division of Air Quality prior to construction unless the Permittee has fulfilled the requirements of GS 143-215-108(b) and received written approval from the Director of the Division of Air Quality to commence construction. Failure to receive an Air Quality Permit or written approval prior to commencing construction is a violation of GS 143-215.108 and may subject the Permittee to civil or criminal penalties as described in GS 143-215.114A and 143-215.114B.

This Air Quality Permit shall be effective from March 6, 2006 until December 31, 2010, is nontransferable to future owners and operators, and shall be subject to the conditions and limitations as specified therein.

Should you have any questions concerning this matter, please contact Michael Brandon, P.E. at (919) 715-6243.

Sincerely yours,

Laura S. Butler, P.E.
Chief

Enclosure

c: Gregg Worley, EPA Region 4
Herman Watson/ HC Composites LLC
RRO
Central Files

Insignificant Activities

1. styrene storage tank; 6,000 gallon (ID No. IST-1)
2. styrene storage tank; 6,000 gallon (ID No. IST-2)

State of North Carolina,
Department of Environment,
and Natural Resources

Division of Air Quality



AIR QUALITY PERMIT

Permit No.	Replaces Permit No.	Effective Date	Expiration Date
8819T04	8819R03	March 6, 2006	December 31, 2010

Until such time as this permit expires or is modified or revoked, the below named Permittee is authorized to operate, as outlined in Part I, and to construct and operate, as outlined in Part II, the emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s) specified herein, in accordance with the terms, conditions, and limitations within this permit. This permit is issued under the provisions of Article 21B of Chapter 143, General Statutes of North Carolina as amended, and Title 15A North Carolina Administrative Codes (15A NCAC), Subchapters 2D and 2Q, and other applicable Laws.

Pursuant to Title 15A NCAC, Subchapter 2Q, the Permittee shall not construct, operate, or modify any emission source(s) or air pollution control device(s) without having first submitted a complete Air Quality Permit Application to the permitting authority and received an Air Quality Permit, except as provided in this permit.

Permittee:

HC Composites LLC

Facility ID:

3300170

Facility Site Location:

1090 West Saint James Street

City, County, State, Zip:

Tarboro, Edgecombe County, North Carolina 27886

Mailing Address:

1090 West Saint James Street

City, State, Zip:

Tarboro, North Carolina 27886

Application Number:

3300170.05A

Complete Application Date:

June 21, 2005

Renewal Application Due Date:

March 31, 2010

Primary SIC Code:

3732

Division of Air Quality,

Raleigh Regional Office

Regional Office Address:

3800 Barrett Drive

Raleigh, North Carolina 27609

Permit issued this the 20th day of January, 2006

Laura S. Butler, P.E., Chief, Air Permits Section

By Authority of the Environmental Management Commission

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ATTACHMENT

List of Acronyms

PART II

This permit does not include a Part II.

PART I

The Division of Air Quality (DAQ), the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), and citizens as defined under the Federal Clean Air Act have the authority to enforce the terms, conditions, and limitations contained in Part I of this permit unless otherwise specified.

Under Title 15A NCAC 2Q, the operation of emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s) and appurtenances listed in Part I of this permit is based on plans, specifications, operating parameters, and other information as submitted in the Air Quality Permit Application.

SECTION 1- PERMITTED EMISSION SOURCES AND ASSOCIATED AIR POLLUTION CONTROL DEVICE(S) AND APPURTENANCES

The following table contains a summary of all permitted emission sources and associated air pollution control devices and appurtenances:

Emission Source ID No.	Emission Source Description	Control Device ID No.	Control Device Description
LA-1 MACT VVVV	Main lamination area	NA	NA
LA-2 MACT VVVV	Small parts lamination area	NA	NA

SECTION 2 - SPECIFIC LIMITATIONS AND CONDITIONS

2.1- Emission Source(s) and Control Devices(s) Specific Limitations and Conditions

The emission source(s) and associated air pollution control device(s) and appurtenances listed below are subject to the following specific terms, conditions, and limitations, including the testing, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements as specified herein:

- A. **main laminating area (ID No. LA-1)**
small parts lamination area (ID No. LA-2)

The following provides a summary of limits and/or standards for the emission source(s) described above.

Regulated Pollutant	Limits/Standards	Applicable Regulation
HAPs	NESHAP for Boat Manufacturing	15A NCAC 2D .1111 40 CFR 63, Subpart VVVV
odor	Control of odorous emissions See Facility Wide Emission Sources -Section 2.2 A.1	15A NCAC 2D .1806
VOC	Work Practice Standards See Facility Wide Emission Sources -Section 2.2 A.2	15A NCAC 2D .0958
TAPs	Facility Wide Toxic Pollutant Exemptions Rates See Facility Wide Emission Sources -Section 2.2 A.3	15A NCAC 2Q .0711 Last MACT Evaluation
TAPs	Emissions Rates for Toxics Air Pollutants Determined Pursuant to Acceptable Ambient Concentration Limits See Facility Wide Emission Sources -Section 2.2 A.4	15A NCAC 2D .1100 Last MACT Evaluation

1. 15A NCAC 2D .1111 (40 CFR 63, Subpart VVVV): NESHAP for BOAT MANUFACTURING

The Permittee shall comply with the requirements of 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart A "General Provisions," according to the applicability of Subpart A to such sources, as identified in Table 8 of 40 CFR Part 63 Subpart VVVV. For the purpose of this permit condition, the definitions and nomenclature contained in 40 CFR 63.5779 shall apply.

Emission Limits

- a. **40 CFR 63.5698** - The Permittee must limit organic HAP emissions from the five **open molding operations**: (1) production resin; (2) pigmented gel coat, (3) clear gel coat; (4) tooling resin, and (5) tooling gel coat.
- i. HAP emissions from open molding operations are limited as specified by the following equation based on a 12-month rolling average.

$$\text{HAP Limit} = [46(M_R) + 159(M_{PG}) + 291(M_{CG}) + 54(M_{TR}) + 214(M_{TG})]$$
Where:
HAP Limit= total allowable organic HAP that can be emitted from the open molding operations, kilograms.
 M_R = mass of production resin used in the past 12 months, excluding any exempt materials, megagrams.
 M_{PG} = mass of pigmented gel coat used in the past 12 months, excluding any exempt materials, megagrams.
 M_{CG} = mass of clear gel coat used in the past 12 months, excluding any exempt materials, megagrams.
 M_{TR} = mass of tooling resin used in the past 12 months, excluding any exempt materials, megagrams.
 M_{TG} = mass of tooling gel coat used in the past 12 months, excluding any exempt materials, megagrams.
- ii. Materials exempt from the open molding emission limit are as follows.
- (A) Production resins (including skin coat resins) that must meet specifications for use in military vessels or must be approved by the U.S. Coast Guard for use in the construction of lifeboats, rescue boats, and other life-saving appliances approved under 46 CFR subchapter Q or the construction of small passenger vessels regulated by 46 CFR subchapter T. Production resins for which this exemption is used must be applied with non-atomizing (non-spray) resin application equipment.
- (B) Pigmented, clear, and tooling gel coat used for part or mold repair and touch up. The total gel coat materials included in this exemption must not exceed 1 percent by weight of all gel coat used at the facility on a 12-month rolling-average basis.
- (C) Pure, 100 percent vinyl ester resin used for skin coats. This exemption does not apply to blends of vinyl ester and polyester resins used for skin coats. The total resin materials included in the exemption cannot exceed 5 percent by weight of all resin used at the facility on a 12-month rolling-average basis.
- b. **40 CFR 63.5728** - If a resin application operation meets the definition of **closed molding**, there is no requirement to reduce emissions from that operation.
- i. If the resin application operation does not meet the definition of closed molding, then the Permittee must comply with the limit for open molding resin operations.
- ii. Open molding resin operations that precede a closed molding operation must comply with the limit for open molding resin and gel coat operations. Examples of these operations include gel coat or skin coat layers that are applied before lamination is performed by closed molding.

Work Practice Standards

- c. **40 CFR 63.5731** - All **resin and gel coat mixing** containers with a capacity equal to or greater than 208 liters, including those used for on-site mixing of putties and polyputties, must have a cover with no visible gaps in place at all times.
- i. The practice does not apply when material is being manually added to or removed from a container, or when mixing or pumping equipment is being placed in or removed from a container.
- ii. To demonstrate compliance with the work practice standard, the Permittee must visually inspect all mixing containers subject to this standard at least once per month. The inspection should ensure that all containers have covers with no visible gaps between the cover and the container, or between the cover and equipment passing through the cover.

- d. 40 CFR 63.5734 - For routine **flushing of resin and gel coat application equipment** (e.g., spray guns, flowcoaters, brushes, rollers, and squeegees) the following requirements apply.
- i. The Permittee must use a cleaning solvent that contains no more than 5 percent organic HAP by weight.
 - ii. No organic HAP content limit applies for removing cured resin or gel coat from application equipment.
 - iii. The Permittee must store organic HAP-containing solvents used for removing cured resin or gel coat in containers with covers.
 - (A) The covers must have no visible gaps and must be in place at all times, except when equipment to be cleaned is placed in or removed from the container.
 - (B) On containers with a capacity greater than 7.6 liters, the distance from the top of the container to the solvent surface must be no less than 0.75 times the diameter of the container.
 - (C) Containers that store organic HAP-containing solvents used for removing cured resin or gel coat are exempt from the requirements of 40 CFR 63, Subpart T (Halogenated Solvent Cleaning).
 - (D) Cured resin or gel coat means resin or gel coat that has changed from a liquid to a solid.
 - iv. 40 CFR 63.5737 - The Permittee shall determine and record the organic HAP content of the cleaning solvents as determined pursuant to "Testing Requirements, Section 2.2 A.1.g."
 - v. If cleaning solvents are recycled on site, the Permittee may use documentation from the solvent manufacturer or supplier or a measurement of the organic HAP content of the cleaning solvent as originally obtained from the solvent supplier for demonstrating compliance, subject to the conditions in "Testing Requirements, Section 2.2 A.1.g." for demonstrating compliance with organic HAP content limits.
 - vi. At least once per month, the Permittee must visually inspect any containers holding organic HAP-containing solvents used for removing cured resin and gel coat to ensure that the containers have covers with no visible gaps.
- e. 40 CFR 63.5740 - The Permittee must use **carpet and fabric adhesives** that contain no more than 5 percent organic HAP by weight as determined in accordance with "Testing Requirements, Section 2.2 A.1.g."

Implementation Plan

- f. 40 CFR 63.5707 - The Permittee shall prepare and submit and keep up to date an implementation plan for all open molding operations that comply by using emissions averaging.
- (A) The implementation plan must describe the steps that will be taken to bring the open molding operations into compliance. For each operation included in the emissions average, the implementation plan must include the following elements:
 - (1) a description of each operation included in the average;
 - (2) the maximum organic HAP content of the materials used, the application method used (if any atomized resin application methods are used in the average), and any other methods used to control emissions; and
 - (3) calculations showing that the operations covered by the plan will comply with the open molding emission limit.
 - (B) The implementation plan must be kept on site and provided to the DAQ when asked.
 - (C) If the implementation plan is revised; it must be submitted with the next semiannual report.

Testing Requirements [40 CFR 63.5758]

- g. *Determine the organic HAP content for each material used.* To determine the organic HAP content for each material used in open molding resin and gel coat operations, and carpet and fabric adhesive operations, the Permittee must use one of the options below.
- i. Method 311 may be used for determining the mass fraction of organic HAP. The two procedures specified in this paragraph, (A) and (B), must be used when determining organic HAP content by Method 311.
 - (A) Include in the organic HAP total each organic HAP that is measured to be present at 0.1 percent by mass or more for Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA)-defined carcinogens as specified in 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)(4), and at 1.0 percent by mass or more for other compounds. For example, if toluene (not an OSHA carcinogen) is measured to be 0.5 percent of the material by mass, it need not be include it in the organic HAP total. Express the

- mass fraction of each organic HAP measured as a value truncated to four places after the decimal point.
- (B) Calculate the total organic HAP content in the test material by adding up the individual organic HAP contents and truncating the result to three places after the decimal point.
- ii. ASTM D1259–85 may be used to measure the mass fraction of volatile matter of resins and gel coats for open molding operations and use that value as a substitute for mass fraction of organic HAP.
- iii. Information other than that generated by the test methods specified above may be used. This information includes such as manufacturer's formulation data that includes in the organic HAP total each organic HAP that is present at 0.1 percent by mass or more for OSHA-defined carcinogens as specified in 29 CFR 1910.1200(d)(4) and at 1.0 percent by mass or more for other compounds. For example, if toluene (not an OSHA carcinogen) is 0.5 percent of the material by mass, it does not have to be included in the organic HAP total.
- (A) If the organic HAP content is provided by the material supplier or manufacturer as a range, then the upper limit of the range must be used for determining compliance. If a separate measurement of the total organic HAP content using the EPA Reference Method 311 or ASTM D1259–85 exceeds the upper limit of the range of the total organic HAP content provided by the material supplier or manufacturer, then the measured organic HAP content must be used to determine compliance.
- (B) If the organic HAP content is provided as a single value, it may be assumed that the value is a manufacturing target value and actual organic HAP content may vary from the target value. If a separate measurement of the total organic HAP content using the EPA Reference Method 311 or ASTM D1259–85 is less than 2 percentage points higher than the value for total organic HAP content provided by the material supplier or manufacturer, the provided value may be used to demonstrate compliance. If the measured total organic HAP content exceeds the provided value by 2 percentage points or more, the measured organic HAP content must be used to determine compliance.
- iv. *Solvent blends.* Solvent blends may be listed as single components for some regulated materials in certifications provided by manufacturers or suppliers. Solvent blends may contain organic HAP that must be counted toward the total organic HAP content of the materials. When detailed organic HAP content data for solvent blends are not available, the values for organic HAP content that are listed in Table 5 or 6 of 40 CFR 63, Subpart VVVV may be used. Table 6 may be used only if the solvent blends in the materials that are used do not match any of the solvent blends in Table 5 and it is known that the blend is only aliphatic or aromatic. However, if test results indicate higher values than those listed in Table 5 or 6, then the test results must be used for determining compliance.

Monitoring Requirements

- h. 40 CFR 63.5704 - The Permittee must demonstrate compliance with the open molding operations emission limit, Section 2.2 A.1.a.i., by performing the following.
- i. Use the methods specified under "Testing Requirements, Section 2.2 A.1.g." of this condition to determine the organic HAP content of resins and gel coats.
- ii. 40 CFR 63.5710 - Compliance using the emissions averaging option is demonstrated on a 12-month rolling-average basis and is determined at the end of every month (12 times per year). [The first 12-month rolling-average period began on June 30, 2005.]
- iii. At the end of every month, the following equation shall be used to demonstrate that the organic HAP emissions from those operations included in the average do not exceed the open molding operations emission limit calculated for the same 12-month period.
- $$\text{HAP emissions} = [(PV_R)(M_R) + (PV_{PG})(M_{PG}) + (PV_{CG})(M_{CG}) + (PV_{TR})(M_{TR}) + (PV_{TG})(M_{TG})]$$
- Where:
- HAP emissions = Organic HAP emissions calculated using MACT model point values for each operation included in the average, kilograms.
- PV_R = Weighted-average MACT model point value for production resin used in the past 12 months, kilograms per megagram.
- M_R = Mass of production resin used in the past 12 months, megagrams.
- PV_{PG} = Weighted-average MACT model point value for pigmented gel coat used in the past 12 months, kilograms per megagram.
- M_{PG} = Mass of pigmented gel coat used in the past 12 months, megagrams.
- PV_{CG} = Weighted-average MACT model point value for clear gel coat used in the past 12 months, kilograms per megagram.

M_{CG} = Mass of clear gel coat used in the past 12 months, megagrams.

PV_{TR} = Weighted-average MACT model point value for tooling resin used in the past 12 months, kilograms per megagram.

M_{TR} = Mass of tooling resin used in the past 12 months, megagrams.

PV_{TG} = Weighted-average MACT model point value for tooling gel coat used in the past 12 months, kilograms per megagram.

M_{TG} = Mass of tooling gel coat used in the past 12 months, megagrams.

- iv. At the end of every month, use the following to compute the weighted-average MACT model point value for each open molding resin and gel coat operation included in the average.

$$PV_{OP} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (M_i PV_i)}{\sum_{i=1}^n (M_i)}$$

Where:

PV_{OP} = weighted-average MACT model point value for each open molding operation (PV_R , PV_{PG} , PV_{CG} , PV_{TR} , and PV_{TG}) included in the average, kilograms of HAP per megagram of material applied.

M_i = mass of resin or gel coat i used within an operation in the past 12 months, megagrams.

n = number of different open molding resins and gel coats used within an operation in the past 12 months.

PV_i = the MACT model point value for resin or gel coat i used within an operation in the past 12 months, kilograms of HAP per megagram of material applied.

- v. The following equations must be used to calculate the MACT model point value (PV_i) for each resin and gel coat used in each operation in the past 12 months.

- (A) For production resin and tooling resin:

(1) Atomized; $0.014 \times (\text{Resin HAP}\%) \times 2.425$

(2) Atomized plus vacuum bagging with roll-out; $0.01185 \times (\text{Resin HAP}\%) \times 2.425$.

(3) Atomized plus vacuum bagging without roll-out; $0.00945 \times (\text{Resin HAP}\%) \times 2.425$

(4) Nonatomized; $0.014 \times (\text{Resin HAP}\%) \times 2.275$

(5) Nonatomized plus vacuum bagging with roll-out; $0.0110 \times (\text{Resin HAP}\%) \times 2.275$

(6) Nonatomized plus vacuum bagging without roll-out $0.0076 \times (\text{Resin HAP}\%) \times 2.275$

- (B) All methods of pigmented gel coat, clear gel coat, tooling gel coat;
 $0.445 \times (\text{Gel coat HAP}\%) \times 1.675$

- (C) 40 CFR 63.5714 - If a filled production resin or filled tooling resin, demonstration of compliance for the filled material on an as-applied basis is demonstrated using the following equation.

$$PV_F = P_{VU} [(100 - \% \text{ Filler})/100] \quad \text{Where:}$$

PV_F = The as-applied MACT model point value for a filled production resin or tooling resin, kilograms organic HAP per megagram of filled material.

PV_u = The MACT model point value for the neat (unfilled) resin, before filler is added, as calculated using the formulas above in (A).

% Filler = the weight-percent of filler in the as-applied filled resin system.

(1) If the filled resin is used as a production resin and the value of PV_F calculated above does not exceed 46 kilograms of organic HAP per megagram of filled resin applied, then the filled resin is in compliance.

(2) If the filled resin is used as a tooling resin and the value of PV_F calculated above does not exceed 54 kilograms of organic HAP per megagram of filled resin applied, then the filled resin is in compliance.

(3) If a filled resin is included in the emissions averaging procedure, then use the value of PV_F calculated above for the value of PV_i in Section 2.2 A.1.h.iv.

- vi. If the actual organic HAP emissions, as calculated in Section 2.2 A.1.h.iii., are less than the organic HAP limit calculated for open molding operation in Section 2.2 A.1.a.i. for the same 12-month period the Permittee is in compliance.

Recordkeeping

- i. The Permittee must maintain the following records:

- i. for open molding production resin, pigmented gel coat, clear gel coat, tooling resin, and tooling gel coat;
 - (A) the hazardous air pollutant content,
 - (B) the amount of material used per month,
 - (C) unless all production resins and tooling resins are applied with non-atomized technology, the application method used for production resin and tooling resin; and
 - (D) calculations performed to demonstrate compliance based on MACT model point values;
- ii. the resins for which the Permittee used the exemption of Section 2.2 A.1.a.ii.(A);
- iii. the amount of gel coats used per month for which the Permittee used the exemption of Section 2.2 A.1.a.ii.(B) and copies of calculations showing that the exempt amount does not exceed 1 percent of all gel coat used;
- iv. of the amount of 100 percent vinylester skin coat resin used per month that is eligible for the exemption in Section 2.2 A.1.ii.(C) and copies of calculations showing that the exempt amount does not exceed 5 percent of all resin used;
- v. which mixing containers are subject to Section 2.2 A.1.c. and the results of the inspections, including a description of any repairs or corrective actions taken;
- vi. monthly inspections and any repairs made to the covers for containers holding organic HAP-containing solvents used for removing cured resin and gel coat to ensure that the containers have covers with no visible gaps pursuant to Section 2.2 A.1.d.vi.;
- vii. the organic HAP content of the carpet and fabric adhesives determined according to "Testing Requirements, Section 2.2 A.1.g." as required by Section 2.2 A.1.e.;
- viii. a copy of each notification and report that was submitted to comply with the MACT regulation for Boat Manufacturing and all documentation supporting each notification or report that was submitted.

Reporting

- j. The Permittee shall submit a summary report of monitoring and recordkeeping activities by January 30 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period between July and December and July 30 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period between January and June. Each report shall contain the following elements:
 - i. the company name and address;
 - ii. a statement by a responsible official with that official's name, title, and signature, certifying the truth, accuracy, and completeness of the report;
 - iii. the date of the report and the beginning and ending dates of the reporting period;
 - iv. a description of any changes in the manufacturing process since the last compliance report;
 - v. a statement or table showing the actual weighted-average MACT model point value for each operation during each of the rolling 12-month averaging periods that end during the reporting period;
 - vi. a statement that the facility was in compliance with the emission limits and work practice standards during the reporting period; or if any deviations from an emission limit or work practice standard occurred during the reporting period, the report must include the following information:
 - (A) a description of the operation involved in the deviation;
 - (B) the quantity, organic HAP content, and application method (if relevant) of the materials involved in the deviation;
 - (C) a description of any corrective action that was taken to minimize the deviation and actions that will be taken to prevent it from happening again; and
 - (D) a statement of whether or not the facility was in compliance for the 12-month averaging period that ended at the end of the reporting period.

2.2- Multiple Emission Source(s) Specific Limitations and Conditions

A. Facility Wide

STATE-ONLY REQUIREMENT

1. 15A NCAC 2D .1806: CONTROL AND PROHIBITION OF ODOROUS EMISSIONS

The Permittee shall not operate the facility without implementing management practices or installing and operating odor control equipment sufficient to prevent odorous emissions from the facility from causing or contributing to objectionable odors beyond the facility's boundary.

2. 15A NCAC 2D .0958: Work Practices for Sources of Volatile Organic Compounds

- a. Pursuant to 15A NCAC 2D .0958, for all sources that use volatile organic compounds (VOC) as solvents, carriers, material processing media, or industrial chemical reactants, or in similar uses that mix, blend, or manufacture volatile organic compounds, or emit volatile organic compounds as a product of chemical reactions, and whose emissions of VOC are greater than 15 pounds per day; the Permittee shall:
 - i. store all material, including waste material, containing volatile organic compounds in tanks or in containers covered with a tightly fitting lid that is free of cracks, holes, or other defects, when not in use,
 - ii. clean up spills of volatile organic compounds as soon as possible following proper safety procedures,
 - iii. store wipe rags containing volatile organic compounds in closed containers,
 - iv. not clean sponges, fabric, wood, paper products, and other absorbent materials with volatile organic compounds,
 - v. transfer solvents containing volatile organic compounds used to clean supply lines and other coating equipment into closable containers and close such containers immediately after each use, or transfer such solvents to closed tanks, or to a treatment facility regulated under section 402 of the Clean Water Act,
 - vi. clean mixing, blending, and manufacturing vats and containers containing volatile organic compounds by adding cleaning solvent and close the vat or container before agitating the cleaning solvent. The spent cleaning solvent shall then be transferred into a closed container, a closed tank or a treatment facility regulated under section 402 of the Clean Water Act. [15A NCAC 2D .0958(c)]
- b. When cleaning parts with a solvent containing a volatile organic compound, the Permittee shall:
 - i. flush parts in the freeboard area,
 - ii. take precautions to reduce the pooling of solvent on and in the parts,
 - iii. tilt or rotate parts to drain solvent and allow a minimum of 15 seconds for drying or until all dripping has stopped, whichever is longer,
 - iv. not fill cleaning machines above the fill line,
 - v. not agitate solvent to the point of causing splashing. [15A NCAC 2D .0958(d)]

Monitoring

- c. To assure compliance with paragraphs (a) and (b) above, the Permittee shall, at a minimum, perform a visual inspection once per month of all operations and processes utilizing volatile organic compounds. The inspections shall be conducted during normal operations. If the required inspections are not conducted the Permittee shall be deemed to be in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 2D .0958.

Recordkeeping

- d. The results of the inspections shall be maintained in a logbook (written or electronic format) on-site and made available to an authorized representative upon request. The logbook shall record the following:
 - i. the date and time of each inspection; and
 - ii. the results of each inspection noting whether or not noncompliant conditions were observed.If the required records are not maintained the Permittee shall be deemed to be in noncompliance with 15A NCAC 2D .0958.

Reporting

- e. The Permittee shall submit a summary report of the observations by January 30 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period between July and December and July 30 of each calendar year for the preceding six-month period between January and June. All instances of deviations from the requirements of this permit must be clearly identified.

STATE ONLY REQUIREMENT

3. TOXIC AIR POLLUTANT EXEMPTION RATE EMISSIONS LIMITATIONS

Pursuant to 15A NCAC 2Q .0711 "Emission Rates Requiring a Permit," for each of the below listed toxic air pollutants (TAPs), the Permittee has made a demonstration that facility-wide actual emissions do not exceed the Toxic Permit Emission Rates (TPERs) listed in 15A NCAC 2Q .0711. The facility shall be operated and maintained in such a manner that emissions of any listed TAPs from the facility, including fugitive emissions, will not exceed TPERs listed in 15A NCAC 2Q .0711.

- a. A permit to emit any of the below listed TAPs shall be required for this facility if actual emissions from all sources will become greater than the corresponding TPERs.
- b. PRIOR to exceeding any of these listed TPERs, the Permittee shall be responsible for obtaining a permit to emit TAPs and for demonstrating compliance with the requirements of 15A NCAC 2D.1100 "Control of Toxic Air Pollutants".
- c. In accordance with the approved application, the Permittee shall maintain records of operational information demonstrating that the TAP emissions do not exceed the TPERs as listed below:

TPERs Limitations				
Pollutant (CAS Number)	Carcinogens (lb/yr)	Chronic Toxicants (lb/day)	Acute Systemic Toxicants (lb/hr)	Acute Irritants (lb/hr)
n-hexane (110-54-3)	----	23	----	----
hexane isomers except n-hexane	----	----	----	92
methyl ethyl ketone (78-93-3)	----	78	----	22.4
toluene (108-88-3)	----	98	----	14.4
xylene (1330-20-7)	----	57	----	16.7

STATE ONLY REQUIREMENT

4. TOXIC AIR POLLUTANT EMISSIONS LIMITATION MONITORING, RECORDKEEPING, AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Pursuant to 15A NCAC 2D .1100 and in accordance with the approved application for an air toxic compliance demonstration, the following toxic air pollutant permit limits shall not be exceeded:

Toxic Air Pollutant (CAS)	Building/Emission Source	Emission Limit
styrene (100-42-5)	Facility wide, including insignificant styrene storage tanks, single source modeling demonstration.	19.0 lb/hr

The Permittee shall report to the DAQ any increase in styrene use that would cause the allowable emission limit to be exceeded and provide a modeling analysis, including insignificant activity, that demonstrate compliance with the Acceptable Ambient Level of 10.6 milligrams per cubic meter, one-hour average.

SECTION 3 - GENERAL CONDITIONS

This section describes terms and conditions applicable to this Title V facility. All references to the “permit” in this section apply only to Part I of the permit.

A. **General Provisions** [NCGS 143-215 and 15A NCAC 2Q .0508(aa)]

1. Terms not otherwise defined in this permit shall have the meaning assigned to such terms as defined in 15A NCAC 2D and 2Q.
2. The terms, conditions, requirements, limitations, and restrictions set forth in this permit are binding and enforceable pursuant to NCGS 143-215.114A and 143-215.114B, including assessment of civil and/or criminal penalties. Any unauthorized deviation from the conditions of this permit may constitute grounds for revocation and/or enforcement action by the DAQ.
3. This permit is not a waiver of or approval of any other Department permits that may be required for other aspects of the facility which are not addressed in this permit.
4. This permit does not relieve the Permittee from liability for harm or injury to human health or welfare, animal or plant life, or property caused by the construction or operation of this permitted facility, or from penalties therefore, nor does it allow the Permittee to cause pollution in contravention of state laws or rules, unless specifically authorized by an order from the North Carolina Environmental Management Commission.
5. Except as identified as state-only requirements in this permit, all terms and conditions contained herein shall be enforceable by the DAQ, the EPA, and citizens of the United States as defined in the Federal Clean Air Act.
6. Any stationary source of air pollution shall not be operated, maintained, or modified without the appropriate and valid permits issued by the DAQ, unless the source is exempted by rule. The DAQ may issue a permit only after it receives reasonable assurance that the installation will not cause air pollution in violation of any of the applicable requirements. A permitted installation may only be operated, maintained, constructed, expanded, or modified in a manner that is consistent with the terms of this permit.

B. **Permit Availability** [15A NCAC 2Q .0507(k) and .0508(aa)]

The Permittee shall have available at the facility a copy of this permit and shall retain for the duration of the permit term one complete copy of the application and any information submitted in support of the application package. The permit and application shall be made available to an authorized representative of Department of Environment and Natural Resources upon request.

C. **Severability Clause** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(i)]

In the event of an administrative challenge to a final and binding permit in which a condition is held to be invalid, the provisions in this permit are severable so that all requirements contained in the permit, except those held to be invalid, shall remain valid and must be complied with.

D. **Submissions** [15A NCAC 2Q .0507(c)]

Except as otherwise specified herein, two copies of all documents, reports, test data, monitoring data, notifications, request for renewal, and any other information required by this permit shall be submitted to the appropriate Regional Office. Refer to the Regional Office address on the cover page of this permit. For continuous emissions monitoring systems (CEMS) reports, continuous opacity monitoring systems (COMS) reports, quality assurance (QA)/quality control (QC) reports, acid rain CEM certification reports, and NO_x budget CEM certification reports, one copy shall be sent to the appropriate Regional Office and one copy shall be sent to:

Supervisor, Stationary Source Compliance
North Carolina Division of Air Quality
1641 Mail Service Center
Raleigh, NC 27699-1641

E. **Duty to Comply** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(j)]

The Permittee shall comply with all terms, conditions, requirements, limitations and restrictions set forth in this permit. Noncompliance with any permit condition except conditions identified as state-only requirements constitutes a violation of the Federal Clean Air Act. Noncompliance with any permit condition is grounds for enforcement action, for permit termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification, or for denial of a permit renewal application.

F. **Circumvention** - STATE ENFORCEABLE ONLY

The facility shall be properly operated and maintained at all times in a manner that will effect an overall reduction in air pollution. Unless otherwise specified by this permit, no emission source may be operated without the concurrent operation of its associated air pollution control device(s) and appurtenances.

G. Permit Modifications

1. Administrative Permit Amendments [15A NCAC 2Q .0514]
The Permittee shall submit an application for an administrative permit amendment in accordance with 15A NCAC 2Q .0514.
2. Transfer in Ownership or Operation and Application Submittal Content [15A NCAC 2Q .0524 and 2Q .0505]
The Permittee shall submit an application for an ownership change in accordance with 15A NCAC 2Q.0524 and 2Q .0505.
3. Minor Permit Modifications [15A NCAC 2Q .0515]
The Permittee shall submit an application for a minor permit modification in accordance with 15A NCAC 2Q .0515.
4. Significant Permit Modifications [15A NCAC 2Q .0516]
The Permittee shall submit an application for a significant permit modification in accordance with 15A NCAC 2Q .0516.
5. Reopening for Cause [15A NCAC 2Q .0517]
The Permittee shall submit an application for reopening for cause in accordance with 15A NCAC 2Q .0517.

H. Changes Not Requiring Permit Modifications

1. Section 502(b)(10) Changes [15A NCAC 2Q .0523(a)]
 - a. "Section 502(b)(10) changes" means changes that contravene an express permit term or condition. Such changes do not include changes that would violate applicable requirements or contravene federally enforceable permit terms and conditions that are monitoring (including test methods), recordkeeping, reporting, or compliance certification requirements.
 - b. The Permittee may make Section 502(b)(10) changes without having the permit revised if:
 - i. the changes are not a modification under Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act;
 - ii. the changes do not cause the allowable emissions under the permit to be exceeded;
 - iii. the Permittee notifies the Director and EPA with written notification at least seven days before the change is made; and
 - iv. the Permittee shall attach the notice to the relevant permit.
 - c. The written notification shall include:
 - i. a description of the change;
 - ii. the date on which the change will occur;
 - iii. any change in emissions; and
 - iv. any permit term or condition that is no longer applicable as a result of the change.
 - d. Section 502(b)(10) changes shall be made in the permit the next time that the permit is revised or renewed, whichever comes first.
2. Off Permit Changes [15A NCAC 2Q .0523(b)]
The Permittee may make changes in the operation or emissions without revising the permit if:
 - a. the change affects only insignificant activities and the activities remain insignificant after the change; or
 - b. the change is not covered under any applicable requirement.
3. Emissions Trading [15A NCAC 2Q .0523(c)]
To the extent that emissions trading is allowed under 15A NCAC 2D, including subsequently adopted maximum achievable control technology standards, emissions trading shall be allowed without permit revision pursuant to 15A NCAC 2Q .0523(c).

I.A. Reporting Requirements for Excess Emissions and Permit Deviations

[15A NCAC 2D .0535(f) and 2Q .0508(f)(2)]

"Excess Emissions" - means an emission rate that exceeds any applicable emission limitation or standard allowed by any rule in Sections .0500, .0900, .1200, or .1400 of Subchapter 2D; or by a permit condition; or that exceeds an emission limit established in a permit issued under 15A NCAC 2Q .0700. (*Note: Definitions of excess emissions under 2D .1110 and 2D .1111 shall apply where defined by rule.*)

"Deviations" - for the purposes of this condition, any action or condition not in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit including those attributable to upset conditions as well as excess emissions as defined above lasting less than four hours.

Excess Emissions

1. If a source is required to report excess emissions under NSPS (15A NCAC 2D .0524), NESHAPS (15A NCAC 2D

.1110 or .1111), or the operating permit provides for periodic (e.g., quarterly) reporting of excess emissions, reporting shall be performed as prescribed therein.

2. If the source is not subject to NSPS (15A NCAC 2D .0524), NESHAPS (15A NCAC 2D .1110 or .1111), or these rules do NOT define "excess emissions," the Permittee shall report excess emissions in accordance with 15A NCAC 2D .0535 as follows:
 - a. Pursuant to 15A NCAC 2D .0535, if excess emissions last for more than four hours resulting from a malfunction, a breakdown of process or control equipment, or any other abnormal condition, the owner or operator shall:
 - i. notify the Regional Supervisor or Director of any such occurrence by 9:00 a.m. Eastern Time of the Division's next business day of becoming aware of the occurrence and provide:
 - (A) name and location of the facility;
 - (B) nature and cause of the malfunction or breakdown;
 - (C) time when the malfunction or breakdown is first observed;
 - (D) expected duration; and
 - (E) estimated rate of emissions;
 - ii. notify the Regional Supervisor or Director immediately when corrective measures have been accomplished; and
 - iii. submit to the Regional Supervisor or Director within 15 days a written report as described in 15A NCAC 2D .0535(f)(3).

Permit Deviations

3. Pursuant to 15A NCAC 2Q .0508(f)(2), the Permittee shall report deviations from permit requirements (terms and conditions) as follows:
 - a. Notify the Regional Supervisor or Director of all other deviations from permit requirements not covered under 15A NCAC 2D .0535 on the next business day after becoming aware of the deviation. A written report shall be submitted within two business days to the Regional Supervisor and shall include the probable cause of such deviation and any corrective actions or preventative actions taken. All reports of deviations from permit requirements shall be certified by a responsible official.

I.B. Other Requirements under 15A NCAC 2D .0535

The Permittee shall comply with all other applicable requirements contained in 15A NCAC 2D .0535.

1. 15A NCAC 2D .0535(c). Any excess emissions that do not occur during start-up and shut-down shall be considered a violation of the appropriate rule unless the owner or operator of the sources demonstrates to the Director, that the excess emissions are a result of a malfunction. The Director shall consider, along with any other pertinent information, the criteria contained in 15A NCAC 2D .0535(c)(1) through (7).
2. 15A NCAC 2D .0535(g). Excess emissions during start-up and shut-down shall be considered a violation of the appropriate rule if the owner of operator cannot demonstrate that the excess emissions are unavoidable.

J. Emergency Provisions [40 CFR, 70.6 (g)]

The Permittee shall be subject to the following provisions with respect to emergencies:

1. An emergency means any situation arising from sudden and reasonably unforeseeable events beyond the control of the facility, including acts of God, which situation requires immediate corrective action to restore normal operation, and that causes the facility to exceed a technology-based emission limitation under the permit, due to unavoidable increases in emissions attributable to the emergency. An emergency shall not include noncompliance to the extent caused by improperly designed equipment, lack of preventive maintenance, careless or improper operation, or operator error.
2. An emergency constitutes an affirmative defense to an action brought for noncompliance with such technology-based emission limitations if the conditions specified in 3. below are met.
3. The affirmative defense of emergency shall be demonstrated through properly signed contemporaneous operating logs or other relevant evidence that include information as follows:
 - a. an emergency occurred and the Permittee can identify the cause(s) of the emergency;
 - b. the permitted facility was at the time being properly operated;
 - c. during the period of the emergency the Permittee took all reasonable steps to minimize levels of emissions that exceeded the standards or other requirements in the permit; and
 - d. the Permittee submitted notice of the emergency to the DAQ within two working days of the time when emission limitations were exceeded due to the emergency. This notice must contain a description of the emergency, steps taken to mitigate emissions, and corrective actions taken.
4. In any enforcement proceeding, the Permittee seeking to establish the occurrence of an emergency has the burden of

proof.

5. This provision is in addition to any emergency or upset provision contained in any applicable requirement specified elsewhere herein.

K. **Permit Renewal** [15A NCAC 2Q .0513(b)]

This permit is issued for a fixed term of five years for facilities subject to Title IV requirements and for a term not to exceed five years in the case of all other facilities. This permit shall expire at the end of its term. Permit expiration terminates the facility's right to operate unless a complete renewal application is submitted at least nine months before the date of permit expiration. If the Permittee or applicant has complied with 15A NCAC 2Q .0512(b)(1), this permit shall not expire until the renewal permit has been issued or denied. All terms and conditions of this permit shall remain in effect until the renewal permit has been issued or denied.

L. **Need to Halt or Reduce Activity Not a Defense** [15A NCAC 2Q.0508(k)]

It shall not be a defense for a Permittee in an enforcement action that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this permit.

M. **Duty to Provide Information (submittal of information)** [15A NCAC 2Q.0508(n)]

1. The Permittee shall furnish to the DAQ, in a timely manner, any reasonable information that the Director may request in **writing** to determine whether cause exists for modifying, revoking and reissuing, or terminating the permit or to determine compliance with the permit.
2. The Permittee shall furnish the DAQ copies of records required to be kept by the permit when such copies are requested by the Director. For information claimed to be confidential, the Permittee may furnish such records directly to the EPA upon request along with a claim of confidentiality.

N. **Duty to Supplement** [15A NCAC 2Q .0507(f)]

The Permittee, upon becoming aware that any relevant facts were omitted or incorrect information was submitted in the permit application, shall promptly submit such supplementary facts or corrected information to the DAQ. The Permittee shall also provide additional information as necessary to address any requirement that becomes applicable to the facility after the date a complete permit application was submitted but prior to the release of the draft permit.

O. **Retention of Records** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(f)]

The Permittee shall retain records of all required monitoring data and supporting information for a period of at least five years from the date of the monitoring sample, measurement, report, or application. Supporting information includes all calibration and maintenance records and all original strip-chart recordings for continuous monitoring information, and copies of all reports required by the permit. These records shall be maintained in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious inspection and review. Any records required by the conditions of this permit shall be kept on site and made available to DAQ personnel for inspection upon request.

P. **Compliance Certification** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(t)]

The Permittee shall submit to the DAQ and the EPA (Air and EPCRA Enforcement Branch, EPA, Region 4, 61 Forsyth Street, Atlanta, GA 30303) postmarked on or before March 1 a compliance certification (for the preceding calendar year) by a responsible official with all federally-enforceable terms and conditions in the permit, including emissions limitations, standards, or work practices. It shall be the responsibility of the current owner to submit a compliance certification for the entire year regardless of who owned the facility during the year. The compliance certification shall comply with additional requirements as may be specified under Sections 114(a)(3) or 504(b) of the Federal Clean Air Act. The compliance certification shall specify:

1. the identification of each term or condition of the permit that is the basis of the certification;
2. the compliance status (with the terms and conditions of the permit for the period covered by the certification);
3. whether compliance was continuous or intermittent; and
4. the method(s) used for determining the compliance status of the source during the certification period.

Q. **Certification by Responsible Official** [15A NCAC 2Q .0520]

A responsible official shall certify the truth, accuracy, and completeness of any application form, report, or compliance certification required by this permit. All certifications shall state that based on information and belief formed after reasonable inquiry, the statements and information in the document are true, accurate, and complete.

R. **Permit Shield for Applicable Requirements** [15A NCAC 2Q .0512]

1. Compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit shall be deemed compliance with applicable requirements, where such applicable requirements are included and specifically identified in the permit as of the date of permit issuance.

2. A permit shield shall not alter or affect:
 - a. the power of the Commission, Secretary of the Department, or Governor under NCGS 143-215.3(a)(12), or EPA under Section 303 of the Federal Clean Air Act;
 - b. the liability of an owner or operator of a facility for any violation of applicable requirements prior to the effective date of the permit or at the time of permit issuance;
 - c. the applicable requirements under Title IV; or
 - d. the ability of the Director or the EPA under Section 114 of the Federal Clean Air Act to obtain information to determine compliance of the facility with its permit.
3. A permit shield does not apply to any change made at a facility that does not require a permit or permit revision made under 15A NCAC 2Q .0523.
4. A permit shield does not extend to minor permit modifications made under 15A NCAC 2Q .0515.

S. **Termination, Modification, and Revocation of the Permit** [15A NCAC 2Q .0519]

The Director may terminate, modify, or revoke and reissue this permit if:

1. the information contained in the application or presented in support thereof is determined to be incorrect;
2. the conditions under which the permit or permit renewal was granted have changed;
3. violations of conditions contained in the permit have occurred;
4. the EPA requests that the permit be revoked under 40 CFR 70.7(g) or 70.8(d); or
5. the Director finds that termination, modification, or revocation and reissuance of the permit is necessary to carry out the purpose of NCGS Chapter 143, Article 21B.

T. **Insignificant Activities** [15A NCAC 2Q .0503]

Because an emission source or activity is insignificant does not mean that the emission source or activity is exempted from any applicable requirement or that the owner or operator of the source is exempted from demonstrating compliance with any applicable requirement. The Permittee shall have available at the facility at all times and made available to an authorized representative upon request, documentation, including calculations, if necessary, to demonstrate that an emission source or activity is insignificant.

U. **Property Rights** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(m)]

This permit does not convey any property rights in either real or personal property or any exclusive privileges.

V. **Inspection and Entry** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(r) and NCGS 143-215.3(a)(2)]

1. Upon presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law, the Permittee shall allow the DAQ, or an authorized representative, to perform the following:
 - a. enter the Permittee's premises where the permitted facility is located or emissions-related activity is conducted, or where records are kept under the conditions of the permit;
 - b. have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that are required to be kept under the conditions of the permit;
 - c. inspect at reasonable times and using reasonable safety practices any source, equipment (including monitoring and air pollution control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under the permit; and
 - d. sample or monitor substances or parameters, using reasonable safety practices, for the purpose of assuring compliance with the permit or applicable requirements at reasonable times.

Nothing in this condition shall limit the ability of the EPA to inspect or enter the premises of the Permittee under Section 114 or other provisions of the Federal Clean Air Act.

2. No person shall refuse entry or access to any authorized representative of the DAQ who requests entry for purposes of inspection, and who presents appropriate credentials, nor shall any person obstruct, hamper, or interfere with any such authorized representative while in the process of carrying out his official duties. Refusal of entry or access may constitute grounds for permit revocation and assessment of civil penalties.

W. **Annual Fee Payment** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(o)]

1. The Permittee shall pay all fees in accordance with 15A NCAC 2Q .0200.
2. Payment of fees may be by check or money order made payable to the N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources. Annual permit fee payments shall refer to the permit number.
3. If, within 30 days after being billed, the Permittee fails to pay an annual fee, the Director may initiate action to terminate the permit under 15A NCAC 2Q .0519.

X. **Annual Emission Inventory Requirements** [15A NCAC 2Q .0207]

The Permittee shall report by **June 30 of each year** the actual emissions of each air pollutant listed in 15A NCAC 2Q

.0207(a) from each emission source within the facility during the previous calendar year. The report shall be in or on such form as may be established by the Director. The accuracy of the report shall be certified by a responsible official of the facility.

- Y. **Confidential Information** [15A NCAC 2Q .0107 and 2Q. 0508(n)]
Whenever the Permittee submits information under a claim of confidentiality pursuant to 15A NCAC 2Q .0107, the Permittee may also submit a copy of all such information and claim directly to the EPA upon request. All requests for confidentiality must be in accordance with 15A NCAC 2Q .0107.
- Z. **Construction and Operation Permits** [15A NCAC 2Q .0100 and .0300]
A construction and operating permit shall be obtained by the Permittee for any proposed new or modified facility or emission source which is not exempted from having a permit prior to the beginning of construction or modification, in accordance with all applicable provisions of 15A NCAC 2Q .0100 and .0300.
- AA. **Standard Application Form and Required Information** [15A NCAC 2Q .0505 and .0507]
The Permittee shall submit applications and required information in accordance with the provisions of 15A NCAC 2Q .0505 and .0507.
- BB. **Financial Responsibility and Compliance History** [15A NCAC 2Q .0507(d)(4)]
The DAQ may require an applicant to submit a statement of financial qualifications and/or a statement of substantial compliance history.
- CC. **Refrigerant Requirements (Stratospheric Ozone and Climate Protection)** [15A NCAC 2Q .0501(e)]
1. If the Permittee has appliances or refrigeration equipment, including air conditioning equipment, which use Class I or II ozone-depleting substances such as chlorofluorocarbons and hydrochlorofluorocarbons listed as refrigerants in 40 CFR Part 82 Subpart A Appendices A and B, the Permittee shall service, repair, and maintain such equipment according to the work practices, personnel certification requirements, and certified recycling and recovery equipment specified in 40 CFR Part 82 Subpart F.
 2. The Permittee shall not knowingly vent or otherwise release any Class I or II substance into the environment during the repair, servicing, maintenance, or disposal of any such device except as provided in 40 CFR Part 82 Subpart F.
 3. The Permittee shall comply with all reporting and recordkeeping requirements of 40 CFR 82.166. Reports shall be submitted to the EPA or its designee as required.
- DD. **Prevention of Accidental Releases - Section 112(r)** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(g)]
If the Permittee is required to develop and register a Risk Management Plan with EPA pursuant to Section 112(r) of the Clean Air Act, then the Permittee is required to register this plan in accordance with 40 CFR Part 68.
- EE. **Prevention of Accidental Releases General Duty Clause - Section 112(r)(1) - FEDERALLY-ENFORCEABLE ONLY**
Although a risk management plan may not be required, if the Permittee produces, processes, handles, or stores any amount of a listed hazardous substance, the Permittee has a general duty to take such steps as are necessary to prevent the accidental release of such substance and to minimize the consequences of any release.
- FF. **Title IV Allowances** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(h)]
This permit does not limit the number of Title IV allowances held by the Permittee, but the Permittee may not use allowances as a defense to noncompliance with any other applicable requirement. The Permittee's emissions may not exceed any allowances that the facility lawfully holds under Title IV of the Federal Clean Air Act.
- GG. **Air Pollution Emergency Episode** [15A NCAC 2D .0300]
Should the Director of the DAQ declare an Air Pollution Emergency Episode, the Permittee will be required to operate in accordance with the Permittee's previously approved Emission Reduction Plan or, in the absence of an approved plan, with the appropriate requirements specified in 15A NCAC 2D .0300.
- HH. **Registration of Air Pollution Sources** [15A NCAC 2D .0200]
The Director of the DAQ may require the Permittee to register a source of air pollution. If the Permittee is required to register a source of air pollution, this registration and required information will be in accordance with 15A NCAC 2D .0202(b).

II. **Ambient Air Quality Standards** [15A NCAC 2D .0501(e)]

In addition to any control or manner of operation necessary to meet emission standards specified in this permit, any source of air pollution shall be operated with such control or in such manner that the source shall not cause the ambient air quality standards in 15A NCAC 2D .0400 to be exceeded at any point beyond the premises on which the source is located. When controls more stringent than named in the applicable emission standards in this permit are required to prevent violation of the ambient air quality standards or are required to create an offset, the permit shall contain a condition requiring these controls.

JJ. **General Emissions Testing and Reporting Requirements** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(aa)]

If emissions testing is required by this permit or the DAQ or if the Permittee submits emissions testing to the DAQ in support of a permit application, the Permittee shall perform such testing in accordance with the appropriate EPA reference method(s) as approved by the DAQ and follow the procedures outlined below. The Permittee must request **in writing** and receive approval from the DAQ for an alternate test method or procedure.

1. The Permittee shall submit a completed Protocol Submittal Form to the DAQ Regional Supervisor at least 45 days prior to the scheduled test date. A copy of the Protocol Submittal Form may be obtained from the Regional Supervisor.
2. The Permittee shall notify the Regional Supervisor of the specific test dates at least 15 days prior to testing in order to afford the DAQ the opportunity to have an observer on-site during the sampling program.
3. During all sampling periods, the Permittee shall operate the emission source(s) under maximum normal operating conditions or alternative operating conditions as deemed appropriate by the Regional Supervisor or his delegate.
4. The Permittee shall submit **two** copies of the test report to the DAQ. The test report shall contain at a minimum the following information:
 - a. a certification of the test results by sampling team leader and facility representative;
 - b. a summary of emissions results and text detailing the objectives of the testing program, the applicable state and federal regulations, and conclusions about the testing and compliance status of the emission source(s);
 - c. a detailed description of the tested emission source(s) and sampling location(s) process flow diagrams, engineering drawings, and sampling location schematics should be included as necessary;
 - d. all field, analytical, and calibration data necessary to verify that the testing was performed as specified in the applicable test methods;
 - e. example calculations for at least one test run using equations in the applicable test methods and all test results including intermediate parameter calculations; and
 - f. documentation of facility operating conditions during all testing periods and an explanation relating these operating conditions to maximum normal operation. If necessary, provide historical process data to verify maximum normal operation.
5. The testing requirement(s) shall be considered satisfied only upon written approval of the test results by the DAQ.
6. The DAQ will review emission test results with respect exclusively to the specified testing objectives as proposed by the Permittee and approved by the DAQ. The use of the test results beyond the stated objectives remains subject to the approval of the DAQ.

KK. **Reopening for Cause** [15A NCAC 2Q .0517]

1. A permit shall be reopened and revised under the following circumstances:
 - a. additional applicable requirements become applicable to a facility with remaining permit term of three or more years;
 - b. additional requirements (including excess emission requirements) become applicable to a source covered by Title IV;
 - c. the Director or EPA finds that the permit contains a material mistake or that inaccurate statements were made in establishing the emissions standards or other terms or conditions of the permit; or
 - d. the Director or EPA determines that the permit must be revised or revoked to assure compliance with the applicable requirements.
2. Any permit reopening shall be completed or a revised permit issued within 18 months after the applicable requirement is promulgated. No reopening is required if the effective date of the requirement is after the expiration of the permit term unless the term of the permit was extended pursuant to 15A NCAC 2Q .0513(c).
3. Except for the state-enforceable only portion of the permit, the procedures set out in 15A NCAC 2Q .0507, .0521, or .0522 shall be followed to reissue the permit. If the State-enforceable only portion of the permit is reopened, the procedures in 15A NCAC 2Q .0300 shall be followed. The proceedings shall affect only those parts of the permit for which cause to reopen exists.
4. The Director shall notify the Permittee at least 60 days in advance of the date that the permit is to be reopened, except in cases of imminent threat to public health or safety the notification period may be less than 60 days.

5. Within 90 days, or 180 days if the EPA extends the response period, after receiving notification from the EPA that a permit needs to be terminated, modified, or revoked and reissued, the Director shall send to the EPA a proposed determination of termination, modification, or revocation and reissuance, as appropriate.

LL. **Reporting Requirements for Non-Operating Equipment** [15A NCAC 2Q .0508(f)]

The Permittee shall maintain a record of operation for permitted equipment noting whenever the equipment is taken from and placed into operation. During operation the monitoring recordkeeping and reporting requirements as prescribed by the permit shall be implemented within the monitoring period.

ATTACHMENT

List of Acronyms

AOS	Alternate Operating Scenario
BACT	Best Available Control Technology
Btu	British thermal unit
CEM	Continuous Emission Monitor
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CAA	Clean Air Act
DAQ	Division of Air Quality
DENR	Department of Environment and Natural Resources
EMC	Environmental Management Commission
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency
FR	Federal Register
GACT	Generally Available Control Technology
HAP	Hazardous Air Pollutant
MACT	Maximum Achievable Control Technology
NCAC	North Carolina Administrative Code
NCGS	North Carolina General Statutes
NESHAPS	National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants
NO_x	Nitrogen Oxides
NSPS	New Source Performance Standard
OAH	Office of Administrative Hearings
PM	Particulate Matter
PM₁₀	Particulate Matter with Nominal Aerodynamic Diameter of 10 Micrometers or Less
POS	Primary Operating Scenario
PSD	Prevention of Significant Deterioration
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification
SIP	State Implementation Plan
SO₂	Sulfur Dioxide
tpy	Tons Per Year
VOC	Volatile Organic Compound